

THE AMADOR LEDGER



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JACKSON, AMADOR COUNTY, CALIFORNIA, FRIDAY, SEPTEMBER 28, 1906.

Five Cents Per Copy.

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Will practice in all courts of the State.

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Will attend to Homestead and other filings; taking of final proofs and all other Land Business.
Deeds and other legal documents drawn up.

Notice to Taxpayers

Office of the city tax collector, City of Jackson, County of Amador, State of California.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN TO the taxpayers of the City of Jackson, that I, F. E. Jackson, City Tax Collector of the City of Jackson, did on the 12th day of September, 1906, receive from the City Clerk and ex-officio assessor of the said City of Jackson the original assessment book for the year 1906, containing a list of the persons assessed for real and personal property and the amount of the city taxes due thereon for said year.

That the whole of said taxes are now due and payable, and payment thereon may be made to me, between the hours of 9 a. m. and 6 p. m. at my office in the Marella building on Court street in the City of Jackson, California.

That said taxes will be delinquent on the first Thursday of November, 1906, at 6 o'clock p. m., and unless paid prior hereto five per cent will be added to the amount thereof.

Taxes not paid according to law will be delinquent and five per cent and other costs will be added thereto.

F. E. JACKSON,
Tax collector of the City of Jackson, California.
Dated, September 14, 1906. 2t

California Republican Platform in Brief.

1. Asserts that fifty years of republican rule has been fifty years of glory and progress for the nation.
2. Declares that every trust has been well and faithfully performed and that the fifty ninth session of congress was one of the most remarkable in history of that body.
3. Expresses commendation of president Roosevelt for his unwavering support.
4. Especially commends congress for passage of the rate bill.
5. Commends president and cabinet advisers for efforts to punish trust representatives who violate laws.
6. Indorses California delegation in congress and the economical and prudent state administration.
7. Extends thanks for donations and sympathy brought out by earthquake and fire.
8. Notes that credit of San Francisco's banking institutions was sustained without question, despite the calamity, and attributes fact to prosperity of country under republican rule.
9. Favors enactment by congress of measure taking duty from all building material for San Francisco for three years.
10. Pledges members of legislature to assist San Francisco by remedial legislation and appropriation.
11. Declares for exclusion of Japanese and all other kinds of Asiatic labor, and insists upon continuance and rigid enforcement of existing Chinese exclusion and that Asiatic people of insular possession shall not be permitted to enter United States.
12. Favors adoption of tenement house law.
13. Urges passage by legislature of arbitration laws for settlement of disputes between capital and labor.
14. Favors passage of laws compelling sufficient deposits by foreign insurance companies to protect policy holders and a standard form of policy that will validate all insurance contracts.
15. Recommends additional federal judge for northern district, that insurance cases may be disposed of rapidly, for one thing.
16. Favors passage by legislature of a direct primary election law, providing for the nomination of all public officers by the people at primaries.
17. Insists upon enactment of laws to protect fruit-growers and shippers against rapacity of railroads and upon an amendment giving them the right to select routes.
18. Calls upon congressional delegation to secure appropriation for enlargement for Mare Island plant.
19. Expresses sympathy with organized labor in its efforts to obtain universal adoption of eight-hour law on government work.
20. Advocates continuance of work to improve hygienic and sanitary condition of dairies and of factories handling dairy products.
21. Favors improvement of navigability of streams of the state.
22. Pledges legislative nominees to cut expenses of the next session to the minimum.
23. Finally points with pride to the record of the republican party in California and appeals confidently to the voters of the state, particularly the younger generation, to help keep it in the republican line.

Dr. Morton, of California, has discovered a new anesthetic: cocaine administered into the fluid of the spinal cord, by means of a syringe and practically demonstrated his system yesterday, in Kansas City. You all know the disadvantage of ether for operating, the brevity of its effect, the headache and nausea that follows, the secondary physical recuperance that lasts sometimes for three months. And chloroform, there is the precedent nervousness, the constant fear of collapse during anesthesia, the sickness and depression, that inevitably follow recovery. And the anxiety that the surgeon always feels the nerve strain until he is finished and the patient is wheeled away. Dr. Morton's method is not anasthesia—which means nerve stupor—but analgesia—which means, broadly, pain control. He does not send the patient to sleep; he simply, for the time being, puts the pain nerves out of business.

All kinds of harness from \$15 up a P. Picardos's.

The fact is, both irons radiate heat—

SCIENTIFIC MISCELLANY

Reported weekly for the Ledger.

The House Fly's Youth—Safe Celluloid.—New Aerated Waters.—Desert Tubing Ratus.—Seeing by Bent Index.—The Tired Feeling and Its Antidote.—The Flat Iron's Heat.—A Week in a Waterless Desert.

Of 23,087 flies collected by Prof. L. O. Howard in the dining rooms of different parts of the United States, 98.8 per cent belonged to the species of *Musca domestica*, or common house flies, the remainder representing half a dozen or more species. The common fly usually lays its eggs on horse manure. The life period varies with climate and season, and the insect hibernates not only in the puparium condition in manure heaps, but also as adult hidden in crevices in houses.

At Salem Mass., Packard bred a generation in 14 days. At Washington, in midsummer, Mr Howard has found that each female lays about 120 eggs, which hatch in 8 hours, the larva period lasting 5 days and the pupa 5 days, making the total time for the development of the generation 10 days. The Washington climate gives time for twelve or thirteen generations every summer.

The new celluloid patented in Italy by a British inventor is made inflammable by mixing glue, gum arabic and colza oil with the ordinary composition. When purified from sediment, the new material can be used as an inexpensive substitute for any kind of tortoise-shell, and under the most unfavorable conditions it simply carbonizes, without igniting or spreading fire.

Oxygen bids fair at last to take the place of the carbonic acid used in effervescent beverages. Oxygen charged lemonade and other drinks have been meeting with favor in France, and are found to stimulate digestion and to produce various beneficial effects. They are especially recommended to sufferers from diabetes, anemia, etc.

While water is so essential to vegetation that millions of dollars are spent for irrigation, it can become a most powerful sterilizer. Paul Combes, a French writer, points out that desert lands and polar ice-fields may support certain low forms of plants, but mountain tops and even slight elevations exposed to frequent rains are kept quite destitute of any life. The rain washed clays of Mesopotamia, of moderate height and considerable extent, have remained since Alexander's time without a trace of a living thing. Most of the fertilizing material taken up by the mechanical and chemical action of water is lost in the sea and so great has the waste become through the increased stirring of the soil in plant culture that alarm is felt at the possible approaching barrenness of the world. The Tigris and Euphrates have carried into the Persian Gulf all the fertility of Mesopotamia, ruining powerful empires. The Nile valley now profits by the rich mud brought down by the river, but in time the fertilizing materials must be entirely dissolved out of the rocks at the head waters.

■ In the Pan-Angle Telescope of Dana Dudley, of Wakefield, Mass., vision is conducted around corners by mirrors in the angles of the tubes. A telescopic eyepiece receives the image, and if the distance is considerable powerful lights are placed at the transmitting stations. Reliable hoods mounted above buildings or on ships' masts make it possible to obtain extended outside views. The tubes may be placed underground or elsewhere, and with the apparatus installed in a factory, with electric switches controlling suitable mirrors, a superintendent may look into any room or building at will, or may view a person at a telephone.

The wettest place on earth is reputed to be Cherrapunji, India, and a recent fall of 74½ inches of rain in five consecutive days must discourage other competitors for the record.

That fatigue results from a toxin generated in the over-taxed organism is a conclusion reached two or three years ago by Weichardt. The toxin was supposed to be similar to those of diphtheria and lockjaw, and it was found that an antitoxin could be developed that would neutralize it. Continuing the investigation, Wolf Eisner has now proven that the toxin is produced in the muscles, while the blood contains the antitoxin. When toxin from a fatigued animal is administered in small doses to another animal—as by spreading on the inside of the eyelid or other mucous surface—drowsiness and other symptoms of fatigue follow, and the poison is often sufficient to cause death. Athletic training seems to give an immunity, enabling the trained athlete to perform more work than the untrained. The fatigue toxin greatly resembles the albuminous bodies, and on breaking down the albumins by electrolysis, toxins are formed that can also produce an antitoxin. Such breaking up of essential parts of the organism may give the fatigue toxin.

Even the advertisement writer has need of a little elementary science. Attention has been called to the recent curious announcement that the ordinary flat iron "radiates a tremendous heat," and that the electric iron "does not radiate any heat." P. Picardos's.

Misery assails riches as lightning does the highest towers; or, as a tree that is heavy laden with fruit breaks its own boughs, so do the riches destroy the virtue of their possessor.—Burton.

Those are wise who through error pass on to truth; those are fools who hold fast to error.—Ruckert.

A bath cleanses the skin and rids the pores of refuse. A bath makes for better fellowship and citizenship. Not only should the outside of the body be cleansed, but occasional use of a laxative or cathartic opens the bowels and cleans the system of effete matter. But for this are Dr. Williams' Little Early Risers. Pleasant little pills that do not gripe or sicken. Sold by F. W. Ruhser.

Pioneer Flour always has been and still is the best.

in moderate degree and about equally. It is the waste heat from the stove that makes unbearable the ordinary ironing day in summer, and the use of electricity brings greater comfort because the only heat generated is the small amount necessary to warm the iron.

The record for thirst endurance belongs to Pablo Valencia, a Mexican, who recovered after fully 60 hours in the desert without water. So far as known, half of the victims of the desert have died within 36 hours, another quarter in 45 hours, and very few have survived longer than 70 to 80 hours.

For Sale or Rent—100 acres 1½ miles from Lone' all fenced, house and barn, 18 head of cattle, 60 acres under cultivation, 2 living springs; also irrigating ditch. For particulars inquire of Mrs Norman Johnson, Lone City, Cal.

"The Queen of Sicily."

Syracuse calls itself the capital of the south, but it has no cause to dispute pride of place with Palermo. The metropolitan city is superior in population, wealth and much else, but it is deficient in what its ancient and glorious rival has in such abundance. For Syracuse has the supreme charm of Greece in a way that no other city except Athens has. Not even in Corinth, nowhere in Hellas from Messana or Sparta in the south to Thebes in the north, is there any Hellenic town to compare with "the queen of Sicily." As a sanctuary, Delphi is far more impressive than anything in Sicily, as a national meeting place Olympia has no rival, but nowhere except at Athens is a Greek city to be seen today which has the proud record of the marvelous metropolis of the Sicilian Greeks, a city as great in power and wealth and beauty as Athens herself, and victor at last in the long and fatal rivalry which indirectly involved the passing of the Hellenic dominion of all the lands washed by the Ionian and Mediterranean seas.—Century.

Barefooted Waiting Maids in Japan.

Unless there are ladies among the guests the wife and daughters of the host do not appear at dinner in Japan. Before the meal begins it is customary for them to bring small cups of tea and dainty confectionery, when they take their survey of the party. If gentlemen only are present the Japanese hostess disappears after the greeting is over and does not return until the guests are taking their departure. At a signal from the host barefooted waiting maids, dressed in graceful and pretty tinted kimonos, bring in lacquer tray, bearing tiny covered bowls. Before setting the trays on the table the maids sink gracefully to their knees and bend forward till their foreheads touch the floor. Then they serve dinner, which is of several courses.—Smith's Weekly.

A Lively Paper Cutter.

Here is a little story which the English papers tell and any one is at liberty to believe if he will. No affidavits go with it. When Lord Dufferin was viceroy of India the maharajah of Indor paid him a visit and asked as a memento an ivory paper cutter belonging to Lord Dufferin. He consented, the Indian left, and the viceroy never saw him until some months later when the maharajah introduced a fine young elephant into the room. A pile of newspapers lay at Lord Dufferin's side. The animal went up to them, cut them neatly with his tusks, which had been purposely sharpened, and laid them in a neat heap on the floor, ready for perusal.

Great Britain's Rainfall.

Rainfall is a condition which has much to do with our health. A wet district with a good deal of subsoil water, making the damp, is a locality in which rheumatism and consumption are likely to prevail. Over England and Wales the average yearly rainfall is about thirty-four inches, in Scotland it reaches forty-six inches and in Ireland about thirty-eight inches. Possibly the wettest parts of Britain are in Cumberland, where the rainfall may attain 150 inches per year. One inch of rain on one acre of ground means a hundred tons of water.—London Graphic.

Heritages.

Leave children an accumulated fortune of memories and inspirations and examples and hopes, so that they are rich in brain and heart and soul and service. Then if you happen to leave them a fortune besides, if they have all these, the fortune will be short of its possibilities of evil and will become an instrument of higher and nobler good.—M. J. Savage.

Protection.

Mrs. Albee—Of course, you married Mr. Beebe for love? Mrs. Beebe—Well, yes, I suppose you would call it that. I married him to protect him from no less than three widows in our street. If I hadn't snapped him up one of them would have been sure to get him.

The Covetous Man.

Go not to a covetous old man with any request too soon in the morning, before he hath taken in that day's prey, for his covetousness is up before him, and he is in ill humor, but stay till the afternoon, till he be satiated upon some borrower.—Fuller.

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Washington Letter.

September 15.

Every effort is being made by those interested in securing American intervention in Cuba to force this government to take a high hand and put down the present insurrection in virtue of the police right that is given it under the Platt amendment. It is tolerably safe to say that nothing of this sort will occur. The president is handling the situation from Oyster Bay, and he has had in conference with him secretary Bonaparte, of the navy department, Taft of the war department and acting secretary Bacon of the state department. He has issued orders for both Taft and Bacon to go to Havana, where they will learn the real facts in connection with the uprising and be able to report directly to the president on the necessity or otherwise for intervention. The strongest factor in the whole situation is a letter that the president has written to the Cuban minister, Mr Quesada, deploring the state of civil war into which Cuba has fallen, and warning the Cuban people solemnly that as a last resort it will be the duty of this government to intervene and restore peace in the island at any cost.

The navy department now has four warships available in Cuban waters, a force ample to protect all American interests, and if necessary to put down the insurrection as well. It is not thought, however, that any such eventuality will arise. One of the most disconcerting features of the situation is that president Palma, incited by his wife, whose father was the murdered president of Honduras, is talking of resigning, and may do so at any moment. If he should take this step president Capote would succeed him, and as he is equally unpopular with the revolutionary element, this would help matters very little.

There has been some talk that either the insurgents or some other evilly disposed person might dynamite the cruiser Denver, now at Havana harbor, and force this government to drastic action. This is rather a wild supposition, but precautions have been taken against any such contingency. Such a happening could only be of advantage to the friends of annexation who are anxious to see this government take over the island of Cuba. As the annexation sentiment is the most violent among American capitalists who have interests in the island, it is hardly to be supposed that any such event could happen. One thing at least is certain and that is no such fatality could occur through the instrumentality of the present government in Cuba because the harbor is not mined as it was during the Spanish occupation. The insurgents on the other hand have not the equipment for any such villainous exploit and the chances are very largely against anything happening to the Denver and forcing the hand of the administration in this way.

There is trouble and a good deal of it, in the government printing office. There has been friction and dissatisfaction ever since the removal of public printer Palmer and the appointment of Mr Chas. Stillings, an outsider of Boston, as his successor. Discharges and suspensions have followed each other in rapid succession, until the whole force of the great government print shop is on edge, wondering where the lightning will strike next. Mr Stillings has been the head of a large commercial printing establishment, and it is generally understood that he is thoroughly experienced in his trade. The government printing office is the largest and best equipped establishment of its sort in the world, but there has been nothing but trouble ever since the new public printer has been in charge. Exactly what the difficulty is, it would be hard to say. The explanation of the printing office employees is that "He's all right, but he won't do." It is perhaps the first time, since the days of Andrew Jackson, that the printing office has been run on economical business-like lines. The joint committee of congress on printing has investigated the situation during the recess without arriving at any definite conclusion. The office has long been an asylum for political printers, looking for soft places and easy work with big and sure pay, and now when they have grown old in office resent as an intruder a young man full of energy, who insists on them doing something. The United States Patent Office sorely needs a man like public printer Stillings.

Considerable criticism has been caused by the action of the department of agriculture in its latest ruling as to meat labels. The new meat inspection law will go into effect on October 1st, and in virtue of this law, all meat products will have to bear a government inspector's stamp and be labeled for exactly what they are, so that there will be no question of deceiving the purchaser and consumer. There has been a number of conferences between the secretary of agriculture and the meat packers as to the forms of the new labels that will have to be used. Anything that is deceptive, such as "potted chicken," made out of veal; or "picnic ham," made out of beef, has been absolutely barred; but the packers stormed the agriculture department this week on the subject of

"canned roast beef." It will be recalled that "canned roast beef" as at the bottom of all the army contracts scandals after the Spanish-American war. The so-called "roast beef" was not roasted at all, but was a steam compound made out of the very lowest grade of cattle and was a ration which even the hungry soldiers in Cuba were forced to throw away. However, the packers claim that "canned roast beef" is a feature of every army ration in the civilized world, and that it constitutes a valuable trademark, in virtue of which alone they are enabled to compete with Australia and Argentine for domestic and foreign army contracts. So the agriculture department has allowed them to retain the label "roast beef," knowing perfectly well that there is no such thing among packing house compounds, and the law is gotten around by allowing the packers to print in fine type on the label the fact that the beef is steamed and not roasted after all. There has been considerable criticism of the secretary of agriculture for making this concession and the chances are that when congress meets the matter will be formally investigated.

No one would buy a sailboat what sails that could not be reefed. There is always that possibility of a little too much wind that makes a cautious man afraid to go unprovided. The thinking man, whose stomach sometimes goes back on him, provides for his stomach by keeping a bottle of Kodol for dyspepsia within reach. Kodol digests what you eat and restores the stomach to the condition to properly perform its functions. Sold by F. W. Kuhser.

THE CUPEY TREE.

One of the Most Curious Growths of the West Indies.

The cupey, or, as it is sarcastically called to the English possessions, "the attorney," is one of the most curious, as it is one of the most picturesque, denizens of the virgin forests of the West Indian islands. It belongs to the parasitical family of trees or plants; but, terrible to relate, it invariably, with the basest ingratitude, destroys all life in the unfortunate tree that cherishes it in its early growth. The seeds are borne on the wings of the wind and deposited on the branches of other trees, when they burst into roots, which are dropped toward the ground all around the "nurse" tree. In time these roots reach the ground and strike into the soil.

From this moment the roots grow stronger and stronger until they resemble a lot of rope ladders thrown over the tree. Next the parasite sends down a great cord, which twines around the trunk of the supporting tree, at first as though in loving embrace, but it grows tighter and tighter, eventually strangling its benefactor out of existence. The nurse tree thus killed rots to decay, and from the immense fibrous roots of the destroyer now springs a great trunk, which rises high into the air. When a cupey is full grown it presents a magnificent spectacle, for the cordlike root rises often to fifty or sixty feet and supports in midair the vast tree itself.

MARIE ANTOINETTE.

Two Dramatic and Contrasting Episodes in Her Life.

Thistleton-Dyer, in his "Royalty in All Ages," describes two dramatic and tragically contrasted episodes in the life of Marie Antoinette. Once, in the days of her greatest popularity, when she went to the opera of "Iphigenia," when Achilles came to the line "Let us sing and celebrate the queen," he turned toward the radiant young sovereign and sang two additional impromptu lines of charming compliment. This graceful and unexpected homage so delighted the audience that "all was shouting and clapping of hands, and what never happened at the opera before—the chorus was encored, and there were cries of 'Long live the queen!' at which expression of feeling her majesty was so affected that she shed tears."

On the next occasion, when Marie Antoinette's sun of popular favor had set and she was nearing the tragic close of her life, one of the actresses in "Unforeseen Events" bowed to her as she sang the words "Ah, how I love my mistress!" In a moment all was uproar, and the theater was full of hoarse, angry cries of "No mistress! No master! Liberty!" and "No master! No queen!" and it was some minutes before the tumult quieted down and it was possible to proceed with the play.

We Make Candy

In Oakland, but sell it all over the West. We use absolutely pure materials and flavor our candies with pure natural fruit juices. Every piece is fresh, delicious, delicately flavored, smooth and creamy. Consumers say—and we believe they know—that our candies are superior to all others. Mail us a P. O. or express money order, and we will do the rest.

One pound box 75c.
Two pound box \$1.35.
Chocolate or French Mixed.
Put up in heat resisting, moisture proof packages.
Express, or postage prepaid.

LEHNHARDT'S
1159 Broadway, Oakland, Cal.

SALE	THE RED FRONT	SALE
COMMENCES	JACKSON'S	COMMENCES
Sept 17, '06	CHEAPEST DRY GOODS STORE	Sept 17, '06

We are pleased to announce to the people, our 15 days' SALE, commencing MONDAY, Sept. 17, '06. It is a sale for no one to miss as we are making the largest sacrifice we ever made, in order to repay the people for their long waiting for goods, which could not be gotten here sooner on account of the San Francisco calamity. Be sure and remember the 17th of Sept. There will be something doing. It will pay you to call on the Red Front and examine the right brand new Stock of

CLOTHING, SHOES, DRY GOODS

Ladies' and Gents' Furnishing

Just arrived from the East. Dont be slow for it is your savings that counts, and now is your chance.

COMMENCING	Sale 15 days	COMMENCING
SEPT. 17	The Red Front	SEPT. 17
15 Days' Sale	JACKSON'S Cheapest Dry Goods Store.	15 Days' Sale

SOUPS AND BROTHS.

They Are Stimulating, but Have Little Nutritive Value.

Soups and broths made of the meat pieces alone and without the addition of meat substance, eggs, vegetables or cereals have little nutritive value, although they do possess stimulating properties.

A dog would starve to death in ten days if fed upon beef broth pure and simple.

Soup interferes with digestion whenever a full meal is eaten. I consider it as being entirely superfluous and advise its discontinuance in a substantial dinner menu.

Soup, being practically all water, plays an important part in conjunction with the large quantities of other liquids injected during mealtime in dehydrating and interfering with digestion and laying a foundation for stomach trouble. Through it and the other liquids used the stomach is not only overfilled and unnecessarily burdened, but the gastric secretions are so weakened by dilution that they can act but slowly upon the food mass. Here again we have the food remaining in the stomach for too long a period, and there is likely to be produced all of the symptoms and signs of an intoxication due to the absorption into the system of the products of decomposed foods.

Soup eaten by itself or with a light meal, as a rule, does not act harmfully.

—What to Eat.

Card Etiquette.

"Hand in a lot of cards," said the elder woman.

"Why?" was the hurried inquiry.

"Well, if you don't hand in enough," she said, as her companion dived deep into her case, "they will say you don't know what is right. If you give too many, however, they will think that you know better than they do and that there is some new style they have heard nothing about. Hand him a lot!"—Kansas City Independent.

At the Hotel.

Mr. Verdant—Let's try this here demitassay at the end of the programme. Say, waiter, bring us some demitassay. Mrs. Verdant—Now, par, you promised me you wouldn't take nothin' stronger'n tea or coffee.—Baltimore American.

Unappreciated Liberality.

"You are going to be tried before a very liberal judge," said a lawyer to his client.

"I am glad of that."

"You needn't be. If you are found guilty he'll give you all the penalty the law allows."

His Specialty.

Bacon—When he was out camping did your brother kill much? Egbert—He nearly killed everybody in the camp. He was the cook.

Bad Indeed.

Losing flesh is indeed a bad sign. Take Scott's Emulsion for it. For weak indigestion, for defective nourishment, for consumption, take Scott's Emulsion. It restores flesh because it strikes to the cause of the loss.

RURAL WATER SUPPLY.

Its Sanitary Condition Not What It Ought to Be.

When such great sums of money are being expended by city governments that the inhabitants of towns may have a sanitary water supply it seems strange that the supply in rural towns should receive little or no attention. This latter population may seem relatively insignificant, but it comprises about 40,000,000 souls. This means that those 40,000,000 people are drinking the water most available without a thought of its sanitary condition.

These various sources of supply, whether wells, springs or small streams, are similarly unreliable for furnishing drinking water. The statistics of mortality in the country are very indefinite, but even these show that the rural population is not as free from illness as it should be. And though everywhere the rural death rate is lower than the urban death rate, yet the lowering in the country has not been as great as in the city. An examination of typhoid statistics shows that the death rate of other diseases is generally lower in the country than in the city, but the prevalence of typhoid is almost equal to if not greater in the rural districts than in the cities.

Several instances have been reported which show the rural typhoid rate to be ten times greater than the urban rate for the same district. To particularize, a certain district in central Pennsylvania proves this fact. It is made up of a rural population with 100 inhabitants to the square mile. It is a region of fine farms, wild mountains and woods, country residences and picnic grounds. And in this valley there has been as much typhoid fever as in the city of Philadelphia.

Sad as this condition is, there seems to be no remedy for it. The sources of a city water supply are few and the city government easily controls the conditions affecting it. But what can be done when the sources of supply are numbered by the thousands? A mint of money and an army of chemists would not be sufficient to give the same care to the country supply that is given to that of the city.—New York Herald.

Has Stood 'em Test 25 Years.

The old, original Grove's Tasteless Chill Tonic. You know what you are taking. It is iron and quinine in a tasteless form. No cure no pay. 50c.

STAND FIRM

When you buy an **OILED SUIT** OR **SLICKER** demand **TOWER'S** **FISH BRAND**

It's the easiest and only way to get the best. Sold everywhere.

Still on Deck ASSAYING 50 cts.

Assaying 50c. Spot cash for Gold, Amalgam, Cyanide Precipitate, Rich Ore &c. Mailer express.

Pioneer Assaying Co.
(30 years established.)

131 5th St., near U. S. Mint, San Francisco, Cal.
Reestablished with a new and up-to-date plant.

A. Malatesta

.....BAKERY.....

SUTTER CREEK, CAL.

BEST—FAMILY—GROCERIES

French and American Bread, Pies, Cakes, Cookies, etc.

Wagon visits Jackson on Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday of each week.

College of Notre Dame

MARYSVILLE, CALIFORNIA.

Boarding and Day School conducted by Sisters of Notre Dame (Nunns). Founded in 1856.

The curriculum embraces all the branches of a solid English education. Preparatory and advanced courses in art, language and music.

For further information address Sister Superior.

J. GHIGLIERI & BRO.

Cosmopolitan Liquor Store

JACKSON GATE, CAL.

Dealers and Jobbers in foreign and domestic

WINES, LIQUORS & CIGARS

SELECTED stock of Imported Goods. Choice California Wines, popular brands. Eastern and Domestic Brandy; special bottling.

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OAKLAND, CALIF.

Copies of the license ordinance of the City of Jackson in pamphlet form may be had at the Ledger office; price 15c. each.

Jayne's Tonic Vermifuge

Stamp It On Your Mind

That you cannot get purer drugs or more accurate compounding of prescriptions than ours.

We consider it a trust imposed upon us by you to be requested to fill your prescriptions. That we have never yet betrayed such confidences we offer in evidence thousands of well and healthy customers who continually bring their prescriptions to us to be filled.

Purity Tells In Prescriptions

RUHSER'S CITY PHARMACY.

Jackson, Cal.

MORE LOCALS.

Robert Ellis was paid the full amount of insurance carried on his dwelling and contents, which was destroyed by fire September 21, by the North British and Mercantile Insurance Company. Mrs. Thos. Conlon, agent.

Rev. C. E. Winning of the Methodist church, will preach at the usual hour next Sabbath. Morning theme "To every man his work." Evening theme "The church and the community." All are welcome—especially strangers and non church goers.

Ice cream at P. Cuneo's to-morrow, and every day thereafter.

The Rev. Wm. Tison will attend the thirty-second convocation of the district of Sacramento, to be held on the 2nd, 3rd, 4th, and 5th of October. Opening service will be held in Trinity church, Sacramento, Tuesday next, 7:30 p. m.

St. Augustine's church—Divine service will be held Sunday morning next, at 11 a. m.

Lawrence Cassinelli returned from Mariposa Tuesday evening.

All arrangements have been made for the sale of the Amador County Bank. C. L. Culbert and Fred Eudey went to San Francisco to have the necessary papers drawn up. They returned early this week. When the new management will take charge we have not heard.

D. J. Camble, the machinist at Garbarini's machine shop, is laid up with the fever at the hotel.

Victor Van Hal, keeper of the Amador Queen mine near Hunt's gulch, is suffering from an attack of fever at his home near the mine.

Dr. Endicott has been appointed physician and surgeon of the I. & E. Railroad.

Wedded in Greek Church.

The Greek church was the scene of a solemn, yet very pleasing ceremony on Monday last. At 10 o'clock of that day, Chris Kojovich and Miss Annie Lepetich were joined in the holy bonds of matrimony in accordance with the rites of the orthodox Catholic church, the Rev. Father Simovich officiating. The affair was witnessed by a large number of the friends and relatives of the contracting parties.

The bride was attired in a beautiful dress of cream silk, with a veil and wreath of orange blossoms. She was attended by Miss Annie Perovich as bridesmaid, while the groomsmen was Gijo Gudeli, of San Francisco, a cousin of the groom. The bride is the eldest daughter of Spiro Lepetich of Jackson, and the groom is a boarding house keeper at Jackson Gate.

After the ceremony in the church, the invited friends sat down to a wedding breakfast at the couple's home at Jackson Gate. There were about 100 present at the feast, and the remainder of the day was given over to feasting and merrymaking by the happy couple and their friends. In the evening the Jackson band serenaded the pair at their home. Mr. and Mrs. Kojovich have repaired to their own home at the Gate, and their many friends unite in wishing them a long and happy matrimonial life. Many useful and beautiful gifts were presented to the bride on the occasion.

When you have a cold it is well to be very careful about using anything that will cause constipation. Be particularly careful about preparations containing opiate. Use Kennedy's Laxative Honey and Tar, which stops the cough and moves the bowels. Sold by F. W. Rubser.

It Made Him Sick.

A vegetable peddler in Stockton presents his estimate of the merits of the "telephona" thusly: "That telephona! I getta de main line. I no foola dat line no more. It make me seek (sick). You see, some lady gets da line, she hold on. She talk about da baby, she talk about cake and pie, she talk about San Francisco, she say how many yards lace put on a petticoat, come see my new hat! She talk all day 'bout her husband', her mother, the dog, the parrot, the servant, what she have 'er deerder, where she go this summer, where she go da summer befo' that, how she lika, how she sho' lika, how much she pay for shoes. She talk about Johnnie's cold and Willie's sore toe, cleanna house, playa card, winna prize—oh! it make me seek!"

CASTORIA For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of *Wm. D. Druggist*

Ledger and Chicago Week y Inter-ocean, both papers for one year, \$2.50 in advance.

DIED IN SACRAMENTO.

Mrs John Chinn, found Unconscious, Dies in Hospital.

John Chinn, the well known resident of Jackson, received a dispatch Sunday morning that his wife, was dangerously ill in Sacramento, and was then lying at the county hospital. He at once sent word to give her all possible attention, and he would be down to take charge of her at the earliest moment.

In the evening and before he was able to reach there he received another dispatch stating that she was dead. He left by Monday's train for the capital city to take charge of the remains, and have them forwarded to this city for interment. It seems that Mrs Chinn left here about two weeks ago to visit her daughter, Mrs Alice Hill of Grass Valley, Nevada county. She took with her the youngest daughter, Dewey Elizabeth Chinn, 7 years of age. She with Dewey left Grass Valley, and were on their way homeward. She was not in good health, and tarried in Sacramento for medical treatment. On Saturday, the Union says, she was found unconscious lying on the ground in the rear of the ice works on I street, between 5th and 6th streets, sick and unable to move. Dewey was there, and told Patrolman Naghel, who found them, that her mother had lain there all day without water or food. The woman was taken to the receiving hospital and Dr. Nichols was called in attendance. Mrs Chinn was made comfortable on a cot and for a time seemed to be improving.

Chief of Police Denny communicated with Mr Chinn last night, advising him of his wife's illness. She was in a serious condition, and Dr. Nichols stated that she was weakened from exposure and lack of nourishment.

The return of John Chinn, enables us to give the following correct account of this sad affair. He is much annoyed by the newspaper reports that his wife died from starvation. There is no truth whatever in such statements. She left her home in Jackson, September 5, to visit her daughter, Mrs Alice Hill, in Nevada City, accompanied by her seven year old child, Dewey Elizabeth—the youngest of the family. She remained in Nevada City until September 15. On the morning of that day she left for her home. When she left Jackson she had \$40, enough to pay her fare both ways, and incidental expenses. She arrived in Sacramento on the 18th, and rented a room on K street, between 4th and 5th. She engaged it for four nights, but did not pay for it, and only stayed there the night of the 15th. She had \$24 in money when she reached Sacramento, and the same day borrowed \$5 from Mr Woodburn, the liquor dealer, with whom Mr Chinn does business. On the 17th she borrowed \$15 more from Woodburn, and the following day got \$10 from the Buffalo Brewing Co. A gold ring that she wore was pawned for \$6.50. The borrowed money was told to Mr Chinn, and he promptly paid the amounts, and redeemed the pawned ring. But she also had a gold watch and chain valued, at fully \$60. These are missing, and cannot be traced. They were either pawned or stolen. It is known that she had been drinking some, and had hired a rig from the Jiverty stable, where she pawned the ring, and took a drive, the child with her all the time. That either of them suffered for food is not believed here for a moment. There was not the slightest cause for such suffering. On the afternoon of the 22d, Mrs Chinn and Dewey were seen to go down I street, to the slough, and stayed there for a while watching the boys fishing. While there she was taken sick, she told Dewey to sit and watch, and she would soon get over it, and she lay there on the ground. Policeman Naghel came along and requested her to get up. He soon found that her mind was wandering, and that she was dangerously ill. He took her to the hospital. She had only 20 cents about her when found. Chief of police Denny telegraphed to John Chinn that his wife was at the hospital sick and without money. Chinn was in Plymouth, at the republican convention that day, and did not get the message until his return Sunday morning. He then notified them through the sheriff's office to give her and the child every assistance needed, and charge to him, that he would be there the next day. The news did not reach him in time to go by train Sunday. Another message came soon after, stating that Mrs Chinn was dead. There is no truth in the stories that either of them suffered from exposure or lack of nourishment. Mrs Chinn and child stopped at the New Western hotel after the 15th. That Dewey lived on peanuts and candy for two days is not true. Mrs Chinn was solicitous for the welfare of the child, and her last words to the matron at the hospital were for her to care for her child. Deceased had suffered from heart trouble for some time. An inquest was held Monday last, and a verdict rendered that death was caused by a congestive chill Sunday morning superinduced from exposure. There seems to be no foundation in the suspicion of foul play. A colored man was arrested, but at once released, as he at once gave a satisfactory account of himself.

The body was brought to Jackson Tuesday, and the funeral took place Wednesday last. Mrs J. Hill, her oldest daughter, came from Nevada City to attend the funeral. Services were conducted at the M. E. church, the Rev. C. E. Winning officiating. The pall bearers were S. Harris, Herbert Griggs, W. H. Daly, Thos. Lemm, R. Langdon and John Libby. The remains were interred in the Protestant cemetery. Besides her husband, she leaves seven children, three boys and four girls, also an aged father. The whereabouts of her oldest son by her first marriage, William Record, is unknown.

A Fatal Shooting.

A singular affair occurred at the Kennedy boarding house on Sunday evening about 8 o'clock. The parties involved are all Italians, the person shot being named P. Massoni. It seems that the shooting occurred in one of the sleeping rooms of the boarding house. There were three there at the time, the other two being K. Fortonoro and G. Cristoforo. Fortonoro was thinking of purchasing a pistol owned by Massoni. The pistol was there, and Fortonoro was examining it. He was sitting on the foot of the bed while doing so, while Massoni was lying on the bed. Cristoforo was there as a friend, but in no way interested in the negotiations. It is claimed by the eye witness to the tragedy that in examining the weapon, one of the chambers was accidentally discharged. The ball took effect in Massoni's forehead at a point just over the right eye, and entered the brain, producing a necessarily mortal wound. He was rendered unconscious and was never able to give his version of the matter. Fortonoro upon, seeing the work done by his carelessness, threw the weapon down on the bed by the side of Massoni, and left the premises. That the occurrence was accidental is the general opinion.

It seems Fortonoro and Cristoforo came from Pennsylvania, and went to work at the Kennedy the first week in of this month. They met Massoni in lone on their way here, and an attachment sprang up between the three men, all being taken in at the Kennedy about the same time.

Sheriff Norman went out to the scene as soon as notified. Everything it is said, had been left untouched, exactly as when the shooting occurred. He picked up the pistol from the bed, and took possession of it. All chambers were loaded except one. Why the shooter should flee after the sad affair if purely accidental, is unexplained. He probably became scared, and thought flight was the best thing he could do.

Dr. Gall was called to examine the patient. He was paralyzed, and no hope was entertained from the very outset of his recovery. Fortonoro did not get far away. He was arrested on the train at Galt, and brought back to this county Tuesday.

He told the same story of the shooting that Cristoforo did, relating how the affair took place. Upon seeing the terrible result of the accidental shot, at the request of the other present, he skipped out; was told that was the best course to pursue, as the officers would be after him. Fortonoro was removed to the hospital on Monday. The doctors regarded it as a hopeless case. He never regained consciousness. The ball lodged in the brain in the back of the head. He died Tuesday evening. An inquest was held the same day that he died.

The jury returned a verdict of accidental shooting. Fortonoro is still held awaiting the return of the district attorney, who is away at present. It is expected that he will be released as soon as he returns.

Caved On.

William Berryman, a miner, was caught in a cave of rock in the underground works of the Keystone in Amador City last Saturday, and received injuries that are likely to prove fatal. The force of the rock struck him in the back, fracturing the spinal column about in the middle of the back, also breaking one arm. He is paralyzed from the point of fracture of the spine downward. The attending doctor holds out hope that he may survive, but can never get well. He is a young man 23 years of age, and unmarried. His parents live in Amador City, and have long resided there. The injured man is also well known in Jackson, where he was for a time clerk in the Globe hotel. He is conscious, and begs only to be left alone, after being laid out as straight as possible.

Hotel Arrivals.

National—G L Price, Sacramento; F P Curti, E R Abadis, San Francisco; B. F. Shepherd, Fresno; V. O. Berdahl, San Francisco; P D Tieney, Ione; J Logamarsini, Volcano; F B Michel, E L McLeve, L Shoenfeld, San Francisco; J E Caven, New York; G W Young, Sacramento; L E Brown, San Francisco; Jax Renwick, Sacramento; J G Foster, Camanche; Z E Buckner, San Francisco; H E Potter, Plymouth; C D Robinson, Sacramento; E L Gibbens, Stockton; R E Scott, H B Shannon, Louis Rith, C E Jarvis, San Francisco; R S Chase, Amador City; R Crowell, Sutter Creek; R J Chapman, Sacramento; Geo Jennings, Drytown; J E Kelly, Red Downey, Ione; A P Matthews, San Francisco; G E Kelsy, San Jose. Globe—A Weber, San Francisco; R C Downey, Ione; R H Dodge, Salt Lake City; Geo Stewart, Sacramento; Carl Thomas, Plymouth; J D Shoemaker, Sacramento; E D Boydston, Volcano; J Miller & Co., Sacramento; Wm Heager, Electra; F B Joyce, Defender; F C Clark, San Francisco; C Bradshaw, A Grillo, Volcano; C R Tibbets, Sacramento; Joe Pierre, A S Baker, San Francisco; H Bauer, R K Cole, Sacramento; Jess McLaughlin, Electra; F O Woodruff, Portland; W H Sheets, Stockton; Wm G Snyder, Sutter Creek W Phillips, Plymouth, C H Newark, Goldfield; W E Ruthsford, San Francisco; G E Jennings, Plymouth; Geo Bronovich, Calistoga.

In these days of rush and hurry courtesy is often forgotten. In the mail, pell melt rush of our life little things are done to offend that we rather remained undone. A hastily eaten meal and its resultant headache may cause us social or financial loss. The wise man or woman is the one who relieves little ills of this sort by a little dose of Kodol for dyspepsia. It digests what you eat and puts your stomach back into shape. Sold by F. W. Rubser.

Republican Convention.

Harmonious Proceedings—A Strong Ticket Nominated.

The republican county convention assembled in Plymouth on Saturday for the nomination of all county and township officers. There was a large attendance; there being an unusually small number of proxies, considering the long distance a vast majority of the delegates had to travel. We published a list of the delegates in the last issue. It is therefore unnecessary to repeat the same.

The convention was called to order by C. A. Herriek as chairman of the county central committee. On motion A. M. Gall was elected temporary chairman, and Claude Wilson of Oleta, temporary secretary.

On motion committees composed of two members from each township were selected as follows: On credentials—C. M. Kelly, S Harris, W. A. Bennetts, A. Adams, F. M. Whitmore, D. H. Hutchinson, W. E. Downs, W. Burns, Chas. Devore, W. S. Weymouth.

On Platform and resolutions—E. C. Voorheis, K. Webb, W. Tam, E. G. Woolsey, W. Inch, H. Schroeder, F. B. Joyce, Wm. Burns, W. S. Weymouth, R. Davis.

On permanent organization and order of business—F. Werner, C. H. Crocker, F. Le Moine, Geo. Yager, R. K. Scott, C. Bradshaw, J. Giannini, L. Oettinger, Jos. Datson, G. L. Terrey.

An adjournment was here taken until 1:30 p. m. Upon reassembling the committee on credentials reported 81 delegates entitled to seats in the convention. One proxy from A. Haverstick to H. E. Kay was referred back to the convention for settlement, the committee being unable to agree upon its acceptance or rejection.

The point was raised that it had been given to Kay by telephone, and that it was sent too late. This peculiar position assumed immediately opened up a spirited discussion. K. Webb moved that the proxy be accepted, and voted by the delegate on whom it was given. To refuse it would be absurd and unjust. It made no difference whether sent by telephone or telegraph. There was no question raised as to its genuineness, and therefore no point should be raised about its acceptance, any more than if it had been given in writing in the usual way. Chas. H. Crocker and F. M. Whitmore also spoke strongly in favor of its acceptance, and W. A. Bennetts and others against its admission. A vote was taken resulting in the proxy being accepted. The contest over the sheriff's nomination was at the bottom of this stand for the rejection of the proxy. The proxies were: North Jackson 2, East Jackson 3, West Jackson 1, Pine Grove 1, East Sutter Creek 2, South Sutter 1, South Plymouth 1.

In South Plymouth the tie vote at the primaries was settled by the seating of both sets of delegates with one half vote each.

The committee on platform and resolutions submitted the following: Resolved, That we, the republicans of Amador county in convention assembled, do hereby reaffirm our allegiance, loyalty, and support to the doctrines and principles of the party as set forth and declared in the National platform of 1904, and we heartily indorse the platform and principles adopted by the republican state convention at Santa Cruz, 1906.

Resolved, That we recognize and commend the efficiency and worth of our beloved president, Theodore Roosevelt, and we also commend his able, efficient and fearless administration of public affairs.

Resolved, That the republican party has been fortunate in its selection of its representatives in the senate of the United States and we, members of the republican party of Amador county, in convention assembled, extend to Hon. George C. Perkins and Hon. Frank P. Flint, members of the United States senate, our congratulations upon their wise, able, consistent and efficient statesmanship as exemplified in all their official acts.

Resolved, That we heartily indorse and approve the able, conservative and economical management of the state affairs by the present republican administration under the guidance of Governor Geo. C. Pardee.

Resolved, That we commend the manly course of our representative in congress, the Hon. J. N. Gillett, on all matters of interest and importance coming before our national legislature, and acknowledge his sterling ability as a citizen and statesman. Now, that he has been nominated as governor, and is the standard bearer of the republican party of this great state, we most heartily recommend him to the voters of Amador county.

Resolved, That four years ago Hon. C. H. McKenney of Amador county, accepted the nomination for a member of the assembly, and was elected. Two years ago he was again elected. He is now the nominee of the republican party for senator of the tenth district, comprising the counties of Alpine, Calaveras, El Dorado, Mono and Amador. He deserves the promotion he now seeks, and we pledge ourselves to do all we can to encompass his election. We also endorse the nomination of Geo. F. Snyder as the republican candidate for assemblyman of the eleventh assembly district, and hereby pledge him our earnest support and recommend him as worthy of the confidence and votes of all true republicans.

Resolved, That we hereby pledge all our local candidates, if elected to an economical administration of their respective offices.

Resolved, That a radical revision of the fee schedule of the clerk's, sheriff's and recorder's offices is one of the most urgent reforms needed in Amador county. There is not a county office at present on anything

like a self-sustaining basis owing to the unwise manipulation of the fee schedule by successive legislatures. Our legislative candidates, if elected, are recommended to do all in their power to change this condition so that the cost of civil litigation and recording of instruments will be placed where it belongs, upon the litigants engaged, and upon those doing business at the court house, instead of upon the general taxpayers as is the case under the existing system.

Resolved, That we are in favor of the separation of the office of tax collector from the sheriff's office, as the duties of the two offices are dissimilar. We would recommend that the supervisors take such action as will place the duties of tax collector upon the assessor, which will require that official to have his office at the county seat open during business hours all the year round.

Resolved, That we are in favor of having all road work done under the contract system, and recommend our representatives in the legislature to amend the law making this method mandatory instead of optional as now.

E. C. Voorheis, chairman. Committee on permanent organization and order of business recommended that the temporary officers be made permanent and that the business be transacted in the following order:

1. Report of committees.
2. Nomination of sheriff.
3. Nomination of treasurer.
4. County clerk and auditor.
5. Assessor.
6. District attorney.
7. Superintendent of schools.
8. County recorder.
9. Coroner and public administrator.
10. County surveyor.
11. Selection of chairman of county central committee.
12. Selection of secretary of county central committee.
13. Meeting of township conventions for nomination of township officers, and selection of two members of county central committee for each township.
14. Report of township conventions and ratification of same by convention.

At this point R. Webb addressed the convention, stating that it was an unique gathering, perhaps unequalled in linking in its membership, the past and present history of the republican party. This was the jubilee of the party. Fifty years ago the first republican candidates for president and vice-president were presented to the voters. And there was one person present, now venerable with age, who fifty years ago took part in the organization of the party in Amador county, and in the political path he then elected to head in the days of his early manhood, there today and through all the intervening years, his feet had traveled. He had voted for Fremont, and all down the line of the illustrious men who had been elected upon the republican ticket. He had seen the party grow from a thing of small beginning to the greatest political organization on earth. His name was F. M. Whitmore, and he moved that as a fitting recognition of his party services, he be admitted to a place on the platform by the side of the presiding officer, as honorary chairman and vice president of the convention.

The motion was carried with cheers, and the veteran republican was escorted to the platform, and took his seat there throughout the proceeding.

After a pause, it was found that there was another Fremont republican present. He was not a delegate, but a motion was made and carried with out a dissenting voice, that he be admitted as an honorary member, and take his seat with his brother veteran on the platform. He was J. J. Davis of Shenandoah valley, who took part fifty years back in the organization of the republican party in El Dorado county.

The two venerable republicans both over 80 years old, made brief addresses thanking the convention for the honor so bestowed upon them.

A motion was made and carried that each delegate and proxy be assessed \$1, and that all candidates for nomination placed before the convention be required to deposit the sum of \$5 with the secretary.

As on motion of R. Webb each candidate for nomination was required to indorse the platform, and pledge himself, whether nominated or not, to support the ticket.

Nominations for sheriff being declared in order, C. H. Crocker rose and nominated T. K. Norman, present incumbent, stating that he was entitled to it not only by his record but from precedent, R. Webb seconded the nomination.

E. C. Voorheis nominated W. E. Proctor of Sutter Creek.

A ballot was taken resulting in Proctor receiving 49%, Norman 35%.

On motion the nomination was made unanimous. The successful man made a short speech thanking the convention, and saying he would do all possible to be elected.

T. K. Norman also appeared in the best of humor, and said the convention had done him a favor by defeating him, and Mr Proctor could command his services at any time he was able to devote, apart from his official duties, in working for his election. The spirit he displayed was favorably commented upon all sides.

The rest of the ticket was nominated by acclamation as follows:

County clerk and auditor—C. E. Richards of Sutter Creek. Assessor—John Marchant of Ione. District attorney—W. G. Snyder of Sutter Creek. Superintendent of Schools—Wm. H. Greenhalgh of Jackson. County Recorder—Geo C. Jennings of Drytown. Coroner and public administrator—H. E. Potter of Plymouth. County Surveyor—A. B. Summers of Plymouth.

Each candidate made a brief speech in acknowledgment of the favor, the speeches of W. G. Snyder and W. H. Greenhalgh, as new men in county politics, being particularly notice able.

Before breaking up into district conventions, R. Webb moved that a committee of five be selected, consisting of one member from each township, to draw up rules and regulations for the future government of the county central committee, that the members of the committee be selected by the respective township delegations, and that the committee be instructed to report to the convention upon its reassembling to receive the other township nominations.

An amendment was moved that this committee be appointed by the chair. The mover of the original motion objected to the amendment as being improper under the circumstances inasmuch as the chairman of the convention was not only a member of the present county committee, but also held an official position in that body. Nevertheless the amendment was adopted, and the chair appointed the committee on rules as follows: E. C. Voorheis, chairman; W. Tam, E. G. Woolsey, A. Giannini, C. Devore.

The convention then resolved itself into the several township conventions for the purpose of selecting township officers and the naming of two members for each township for the county central committee.

Upon reassembling the following township nominations were reported, and approved:

Township 1—Justice of the peace, H. A. Clark; constable, Geo. Tucker. Members of of central committee—W. K. Kent, W. D. Dufrene.

Township 2—Justice, James McCauley; constable, J. W. Sibole; committeemen, E. G. Woolsey; Geo. Yager.

Township 3—Supervisor, A. Grillo; justice, Otis L. Webster; constable, J. C. McKenney; committeemen, C. Bradshaw, Claude Wilson.

Township 4—Justice, James Pengelly; constable, T. S. Tuttle; committeemen, Fred Werner, W. H. Burns.

Township 5—Supervisor, J. Grambert; justice, J. Blower; constable, J. E. Walton; committeemen, A. McWayne, W. Scoble.

The committee appointed on rules and regulations for the county committee reported as follows:

That their term of office shall be two years. They are to have entire charge of the campaign, subject to the will and pleasure of the state central committee; and hereafter when delegates to the state conventions are to be selected that they have said delegates. (Continued on page 1 column 5.)

CASTORIA.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of *Wm. D. Druggist*

Good for the cough, removes the cold, the cause of the cough. That's the work of Kennedy's Laxative Honey and Tar—the original laxative cough syrup. Contains no opiates. Sold by F. W. Rubser.

TO-NIGHT CONCERT

Friday, Sept. 21st

GRAND OPENING.

Come and Hear Good Music Free

No Goods

Sold From

7:30 To 9:30

Bushels of New Goods.

JACKSON SHOE STORE

Notice to Contractors

NO. 1.

Pursuant to law and to the resolution of the Board of Trustees of the City of Jackson, adopted September 20, 1906, directing this notice, the undersigned invites and will receive at his office in the City of Jackson, California, up to 7:30 p. m., of October 4, 1906, sealed proposals or bids for the following supplies to be used in the streets of said city, to wit:

Vitrified, salt, glazed, iron stone sewer pipe of the following mentioned amounts and lengths:

6 inches pipe 350 feet
8 " " 390 "
10 " " 150 "
12 " " 147 "
The six inch pipe to be in lengths of two feet, the eight inch pipe to be in lengths of two feet and six inches and the ten and twelve inch pipe to be in lengths of three feet, to be delivered F. O. B. Martlets, Amador county, California. All pipe to be according to specifications on file in my office, copies of which may be had on application to the undersigned. Dated, Jackson, Cal., September 21, 1906.

L. J. GLAVINOVICH, City Clerk.

Official Map of Amador county, revised and corrected up to 1904, on sale at the Ledger office. The only map of Amador county obtainable, and sold exclusively at the Ledger office. Price, mounted and colored, \$10; unmounted and uncolored, \$5.

SHOW'S SHOE STORE SUTTER

We carry a full line of
DRESS GOODS, EMBROIDERIES, LACES, Gloves, Corsets, Dress Trimmings, Clothing and Underwear Panama Hats
We Carry First-class Goods Only.
ONE PRICE ONLY.
A. J. SHOW.

To Cure a Cold in One Day

Cures Grip in Two Days.

Take **Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets.** *E. W. Brown*
Seven Million boxes sold in past 12 months. This signature.

TEMPERATURE AND RAINFALL

This table gives the highest and lowest temperature in Jackson for each day, together with the rainfall, as recorded by self-registering instruments kept at the Ledger office:

Date.			Temp		
L. H.			Rainfall		
S pt 1 (06).	51	83	Sept 17 (06).	48	88
2	52	89	18	50	86
3	51	87	19	50	94
4	52	84	20	50	90
5	51	89	21	52	84
6	51	94	22	48	86
7	51	94	23	48	88 0.06
8	51	88	24	47	80
9	53	85	25	44	86
10	54	85	26	44	87
11	50	89	27	48	92
12	51	87	28	49	92
13	51	89	29	49	92
14	49	75	30		
15	54	86	31		
16	48	88			

